TML Basics: ABO Rh(D)
Compatibility; Group &
Screen; Crossmatch



Name: Melanie Tokessy

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### **Objectives**

- Overview of basic immunology
- ABO typing and compatibility
- Review Rh(D) typing
- Describe antibody screening and investigation
- Review crossmatching methods



# **Pretransfusion Testing**

- Requires upmost attention when collecting specimens
- Repeated every 96-hours
- Must have 2 ABO groups on record prior to issuing RBC
- If no historical ABO on record:
  - Need confirmatory specimen
  - May repeat ABO on current sample if collect by PPI



### Human Blood Group Systems

- 33 different blood group systems
  - ABO
  - Rh
  - Kell
- Pretransfusion testing will ensure best compatibility with the various blood group systems



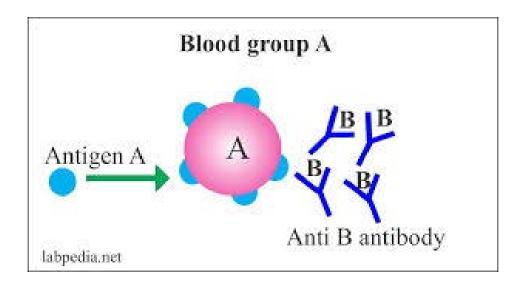
# **Pretransfusion Testing**

- Group and Screen
  - ABO group
  - Rh(D) group
  - Antibody screen
  - Crossmatch



#### **ABO Blood Group**

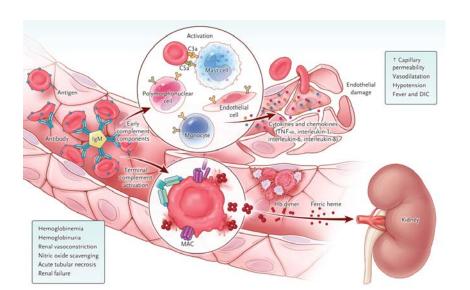
- Antigens: the glycoprotein present on the surface of the red blood cell (RBC)
- Antibodies: the protein that binds with foreign substances





### **ABO** Blood group

- Most important blood group system
- Binding of antibodies with antigens causes clumping/agglutination
- Transfusion of ABO incompatible blood is often fatal
- Most incompatible transfusion are caused by clerical error



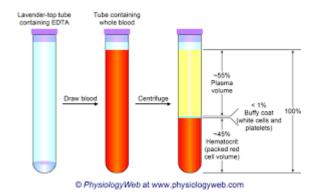


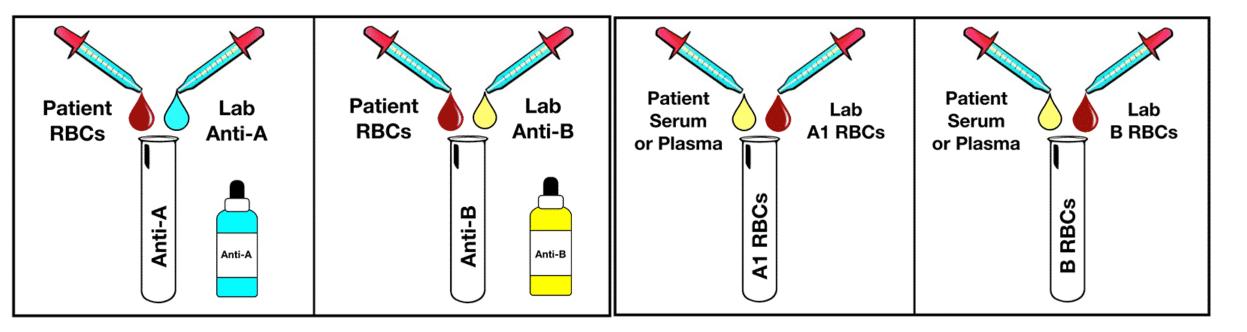
### Four ABO Phenotypes and Their Antibodies

	Group A	Group B	Group AB	Group O
Red blood cell type				
Antibodies in Plasma		が		Anti-B and
	Anti-B	Anti-A	None	Anti-A
Antigens in Red Blood Cell	T A antigen	T B antigen	A and B antigens	None © Buzzle.com



# **ABO Blood Group Testing**



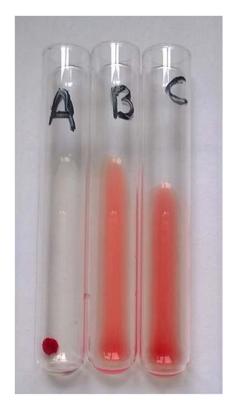


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# **ABO Blood Group Testing**

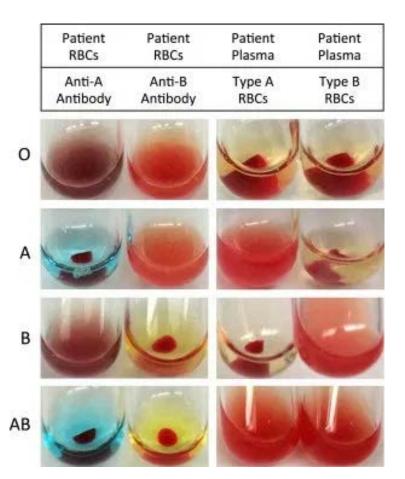
Testing is based on antigen-antibody binding in test tube:

agglutination





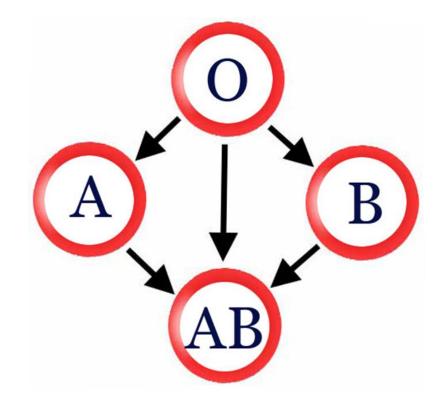
# **ABO Interpretations**



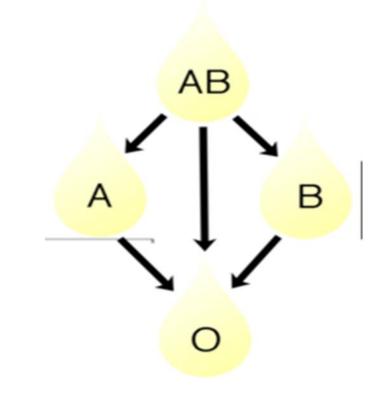


# **ABO Blood Product Compatibilities**

**RBC** Compatibility

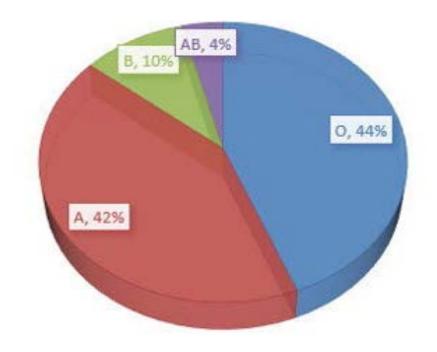


Plasma Compatibility





# ABO Blood Type Frequencies





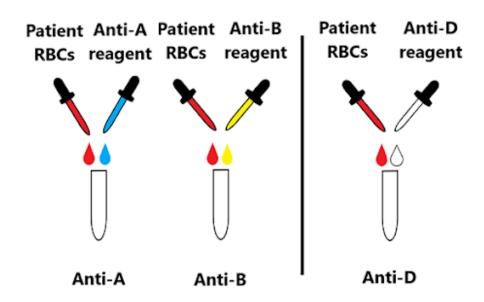
# Rh Blood Typing

- 50 antigens in the Rh system
  - D, C, c, E, e.....
- Rh(D) is the antigen to determine Rh blood typing
  - Having the D antigen: Rh(D) positive
  - Lacking the D antigen: Rh(D) negative
- No naturally occurring anti-Rh antibodies
  - Rh(D) negative patients must be stimulated to produced Rh antibodies by receiving Rh(D)+ blood or pregnancy with Rh(D)+ baby

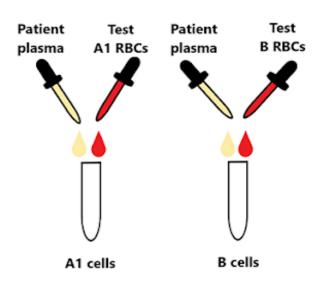


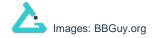
# ABO and Rh(D) Typing

#### **Forward Typing**



#### **Reverse Typing**



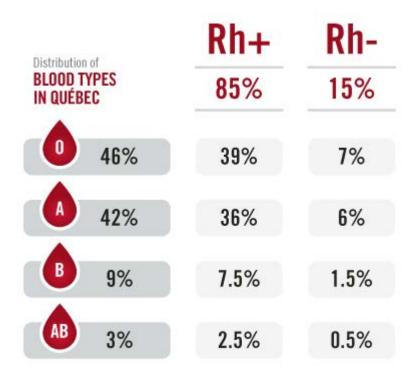


# ABORh(D) Interpretations

		Forward Typing		Reverse Typing							
ABO/Rh group	Anti-A	Anti-B	Anti-D	A1 cells	B cells						
O neg	0	0	0	4+	4+						
O pos	0	0	4+	4+	4+						
A neg	4+	0	0	0	4+						
A pos	4+	0	4+	0	4+						
Bneg	0	4+	0	4+	0						
B pos	0	4+	4+	4+	0						
AB neg	4+	4+	0	0	0						
AB pos	4+	4+	4+	0	0						

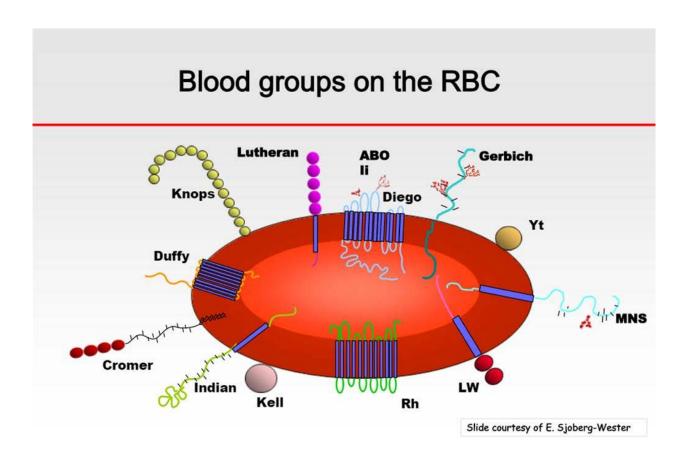


# ABORh(D) Frequencies





# More than just ABORh(D)



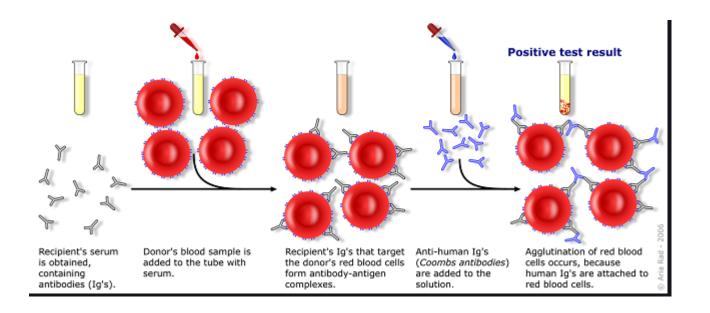


### **Antibody Screen Test**

- Indirect antiglobulin test
- Uses recipient plasma against reagent RBC
- Detects unexpected blood group antibodies to non-ABO/Rh(D) antigens
- Ensures a safe transfusion
- Detects/monitors for HDFN



# Antibody Screen Test





# **Antibody Screen Test**



	US LICI	ENSE NO: 886																													_	_	1
/		O: 40380 ES: 2020/12/11			1	Rh	- H	r				K	(ell			Du	iffy	Kie	dd	Le	wis	Р		М	N		Lut	34V13	Хg	HA			
4		Donor		n			_		C**	V	l L	l/mã	V-b	loa*	Lob	E	E.,b	lı,a	11/b	l na	Le⁵	Ρ.	М	N	2	6	.,,	Lub	Xg <sup>a</sup> '	Ď		L	
-[	Barcode #	Add'l Typings	Rh Donor ID	D		C	E	е	C**	^	ĸ	Kp-	Kp-	JS-	JS-	гу	гу	JK-	JK	re	Le	' 1	IVI	14	٥	1	Lu	Lu	Λý	Z			
ı	198380		R1R1 B10311	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+			
	298380		R2R2 C6690	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0			
II	398380	Yt(b+)	rr G1266	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+			

Indicates those antigens whose presence or absence may have been determined using only a single example of a specific antibody.

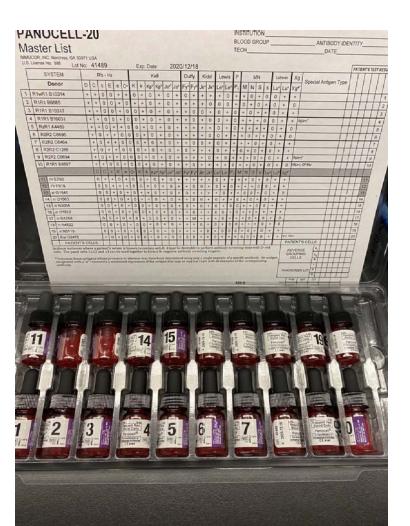
An antigen designated with a 'w' represents a weakened expression of the antigen that may or may not react with all examples of the corresponding antibody.



### Antibody Screen Test - positive

- Positive result: presence of unexpected antibodies
- Unexpected RBC antibodies are found in 1-2% of population
- Must perform antibody investigation to determine specificity
- Antigen negative RBC is required prior to transfusion
- May need additional sample from the patient to complete work
- Can be time consuming and result in delay of getting blood to patient







#### **PANOCELL-20**

Master List IMMUCOR, INC. Norcross, GA 30071 USA

	.S. License No: 886 Lot			148	9				Exp	. Da	te:	2	202	0/12	0/12/18													PATIENT'S TEST RESULTS						
	SYSTEM			Rh	- Hr					K	Cell			Dι	ıffy	Ki	dd	Le	wis	Р		M	IN		Luth	eran	Хg	Special Antigen Type	A					
	Donor	D	С	С	Е	е	C*	K	k	Kpª	Крв	Js*	Jsb	Fy	Fyb	Jkª	Jkb	Leª	Leb	P <sub>1</sub>	М	N	S	s	Lu	Lu	Xg <sup>a</sup>	opeoid. Timigen Type	<del>d</del>	_	Ш			
1	R1wR1 B10314	+	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	+		0				$\perp$	1
2	R1R1 B6885	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0		+	+				2
3	R1R1 B10317	+	+	0	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	+		0	)				3
4	R1R1 B10031	+	+	0	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	Bg(a+)*	0					4
5	RzR1 A4469	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	0		0	)				5
6	R2R2 C6696	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	+	0		0	)				6
7	R2R2 C6404	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	0	+	+		0	,				7
8	R2R2 C1286	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	+		0					8
9	R2R2 C6694	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+.	0	+	+	+	0	+	0	+	+	Bg(a+)*	0	)				9
10	R1R1 B8897	+	+	0	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	Mi(a+), GP.Mur	0					10
13		D	C	c	E	е	Cw	K	k	Kp³	Kpb	Js*	Jsb	Fy	Fy	Jk"	Jkb	Le	Le	P <sub>1</sub>	M	N	S	s	Lu	Lub	Xg <sup>a</sup>		13			1		
11	r'r E780	0	+	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	0	+	+		0	)				11
12	r"r F918	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+		0					12
13	rr G1641	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	0		+	1				13
14	rr G1563	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	+		+	1				14
15	rr N3054	0	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	0	+	+		0	)				15
16	rr H1922	0	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	0	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+		0	)				16
17	rr G1768	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	W	+	+	+	0	+	+	+	0	+	0	+	0		+	-				17
18	rr N4822	0	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	+	0	+	0		0	)				18
19	rr N3110	0	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	0	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	+		C			П	T	19
20	Ror D2478	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	V+*, VS+*	0	)				20
	PATIENT'S CELLS	Т	Т	Г	П	Г	T	Г	П	Г			Т	Г	П	Г		Г		Г	Г	П			Г			PATIENT'S CELLS	C	)			T	

INSTITUTION

BLOOD GROUP

ANTIBODY IDENTITY



- Anti-K
- Must crossmatch K- RBC
- The K antigen occurs in 8% of the donor population
- Crossmatch compatibility is 92%
- If patient requires 4 RBC; need to crossmatch 4 RBC



- Some patients have multiple antibodies:
  - Anti-E and anti-Jka
  - Compatibility is 16%
- May need special order blood from Canadian Blood Services
- Rarely patient may have antibodies to common blood group antigens:
  - Bombay
  - Anti-k



# Crossmatching

- Type and screen testing leads the technologist to select the most appropriate type of crossmatch and RBC unit
- 3 types of crossmatches:
  - Immediate spin crossmatch
  - Electronic/Computer crossmatch
  - Indirect antiglobulin crossmatch



# Immediate Spin Crossmatch

- Most commonly used type of crossmatch
- Antibody screen test must be negative
- Recipient plasma is mixed with donor RBC, centrifuged and examined for agglutination
- Will only detect ABO incompatibility
- Takes about 5-10 minutes



# Electronic/Computer Crossmatch

- Becoming more common crossmatch
- Will only ensure ABO compatibility
- No mixing of recipient plasma with donor RBC
- Requires:
  - Negative antibody screen test with no history of antibodies
  - Must have validated blood bank computer system
  - Results of at least 2 ABO types on record
- Takes about 2 minutes



# Indirect Antiglobulin Crossmatch

- Performed when patient has antibodies
- Ensures full compatibility of donor RBC
- Patient plasma is mixed with donors RBC, incubated and antihuman globulin added, centrifuged and examined for agglutination
- Takes 20-45 minutes



# Timing for testing:

Action	Time									
Booking in the sample	3 min									
Centrifuging	5 min									
ABORh(D)	10 min									
Antibody screen test	20-45 min									
Crossmatching (IS or XME)	5 min									
Labelling of RBC	5 min									
Issuing	2 min									
Antibody investigation	>60 min									
Crossmatching (IAT)	20-45 min									



#### Questions?

